

# ay on Hazrat Muhammad As An Exemplary Ju

10 Lines, 100, 200, 300 & 500 Words

For Class 1 to 12, Matric, FSc & Board Exams

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# 10 Lines on Hazrat Muhammad As An Exemplary Judge

*For Class 1 to 3*

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH was not only a Prophet but also an exemplary judge who established justice in society.

His decisions were based on truth, fairness, and the teachings of Islam revealed by Allah.

He treated everyone equally, whether rich or poor, powerful or weak, Muslim or non Muslim.

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH always listened carefully to both parties before making a judgment.

He emphasized the importance of evidence, witnesses, and truthfulness in legal matters.

His judgments were free from personal bias, favoritism, or pressure from influential people.

He showed mercy and forgiveness whenever possible, encouraging reconciliation over punishment.

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH taught that justice is a fundamental principle of Islam and a duty of every leader.

His example as a judge inspires Muslims to uphold justice and fairness in all aspects of life.

The judicial system he established continues to guide Islamic law and justice systems today.

# Essay on Hazrat Muhammad As An Exemplary Judge in 100 Words

*For Class 3 to 5*

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH was an exemplary judge who established the foundations of justice in Islamic society. He treated everyone equally, regardless of their status, wealth, or religion. His decisions were based on truth, fairness, and divine guidance from Allah. He always listened to both sides carefully and emphasized the importance of evidence and witnesses. Hazrat Muhammad PBUH showed mercy and encouraged reconciliation whenever possible. He taught that justice is a core principle of Islam and that leaders must uphold it without bias or favoritism. His judicial wisdom and fairness continue to inspire Muslims and serve as a model for justice systems around the world.

# Essay on Hazrat Muhammad As An Exemplary Judge in 200 Words

*For Class 5 to 8*

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH was not only the last Prophet of Islam but also an exemplary judge who set the highest standards of justice and fairness. Throughout his life, he resolved countless disputes and delivered judgments that were rooted in truth, equity, and the divine guidance of Allah. His approach to justice was based on treating everyone equally, regardless of their social status, wealth, or religion. He listened carefully to both parties, examined evidence thoroughly, and made decisions without any personal bias or external pressure. One of the key principles of his judgments was the emphasis on truth and honesty. He taught that witnesses must be truthful and that false testimony is a grave sin. Hazrat Muhammad PBUH also showed great mercy and compassion, preferring reconciliation and forgiveness over harsh punishments whenever possible. He established a judicial system that protected the rights of the weak, the orphans, and the oppressed. His fairness earned him the title of Al Amin, the trustworthy, even before he became a Prophet. The judicial principles he established continue to guide Islamic law and inspire justice systems worldwide. His legacy as a judge reminds us that true justice requires integrity, compassion, and unwavering commitment to the truth.

# Essay on Hazrat Muhammad As An Exemplary Judge in 300 Words

*For Class 8 to 10*

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH is revered as the final Prophet of Islam, but he was also an exemplary judge whose wisdom, fairness, and commitment to justice set a timeless example for humanity. Throughout his life in Makkah and Madinah, he resolved disputes, delivered judgments, and established a legal and moral framework that upheld the principles of equality, truth, and compassion. His role as a judge was guided by divine revelation and a deep sense of responsibility toward ensuring justice for all, regardless of their background or status. One of the most remarkable aspects of Hazrat Muhammad PBUH as a judge was his unwavering commitment to equality. He treated everyone the same, whether they were rich or poor, powerful or weak, Muslim or non Muslim. He did not allow personal relationships, tribal affiliations, or social pressures to influence his decisions. This impartiality earned him immense respect and trust from people of all backgrounds. Even his enemies acknowledged his integrity and fairness. Hazrat Muhammad PBUH emphasized the importance of evidence, witnesses, and truthfulness in legal proceedings. He taught that decisions should be based on facts and not on assumptions or prejudices. He warned against false testimony and dishonesty, stating that such actions are among the gravest sins. At the same time, he showed great mercy and compassion in his judgments. Whenever possible, he encouraged reconciliation, forgiveness, and settlement between disputing parties rather than imposing strict punishments. One famous incident that highlights his sense of justice occurred before he became a Prophet. When the Kaaba was being rebuilt and the tribes of Makkah disputed over who would have the honor of placing the Black Stone, Hazrat Muhammad PBUH proposed a fair solution. He placed the stone on a cloth and asked representatives of all tribes to lift it together, thus resolving the conflict peacefully and equitably. After migrating to Madinah, Hazrat Muhammad PBUH established a comprehensive judicial system. He created the Constitution of Madinah, which outlined the rights and responsibilities of all citizens, including Muslims, Jews, and pagans. This constitution is considered one of the earliest examples of a written social contract that guaranteed religious freedom, justice, and security for all. His judgments protected the rights of women, children, orphans, and the oppressed, ensuring that the vulnerable were not exploited or mistreated. Hazrat Muhammad PBUH also taught that leaders and judges must be accountable to Allah and must fear Him more than any human authority. He warned that those who judge unjustly will face severe consequences in the Hereafter. His legacy as a judge continues to inspire Islamic jurisprudence and serves as a model for justice systems around the world. His life reminds us that true justice requires courage, integrity, compassion, and a sincere commitment to the truth.

# Essay on Hazrat Muhammad As An Exemplary Judge in 500 Words

*For Class 9 to 12 & FSc*

## Introduction

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH, the final Prophet of Islam, was a man of many extraordinary qualities. Among his numerous roles as a messenger, leader, teacher, and reformer, he was also an exemplary judge whose sense of justice, fairness, and compassion set a standard that continues to inspire humanity. Throughout his life, both before and after receiving prophethood, Hazrat Muhammad PBUH demonstrated exceptional wisdom in resolving disputes, delivering judgments, and establishing a legal framework rooted in truth, equality, and mercy. His judicial conduct reflects the highest principles of Islamic law and serves as a timeless model for judges, leaders, and individuals seeking justice.

## Principles of Justice in Islam

Justice is a core principle of Islam, and Hazrat Muhammad PBUH embodied this principle in every aspect of his life. The Quran commands believers to stand firmly for justice, even if it goes against their own interests or those of their loved ones. Hazrat Muhammad PBUH implemented this divine commandment by ensuring that his judgments were always fair, impartial, and based on truth. He taught that justice is not only a legal obligation but also a moral and spiritual duty that every Muslim must uphold. His approach to justice was built on several key principles: equality before the law, reliance on evidence and witnesses, the importance of truthfulness, and the preference for mercy and reconciliation over harsh punishment. He emphasized that no one, regardless of their social status, wealth, or power, is above the law. This principle was revolutionary in a society where tribal loyalty and social hierarchy often influenced legal decisions.

## Equality and Impartiality

One of the most striking features of Hazrat Muhammad PBUH as a judge was his unwavering commitment to equality. He treated everyone the same, whether they were rich or poor, powerful or weak, Muslim or non-Muslim. He did not allow personal relationships, tribal affiliations, or social pressures to influence his decisions. This impartiality earned him the trust and respect of people from all walks of life. A famous incident illustrates this principle. A woman from the noble Banu Makhzum tribe was caught stealing, and some influential people tried to intercede on her behalf to avoid punishment. Hazrat Muhammad PBUH became very upset and delivered a powerful sermon, stating that previous nations were destroyed because they applied the law only to the weak while pardoning the powerful. He declared that even if his own daughter Fatimah were to commit theft, he would enforce the same punishment. This statement reinforced the principle that justice must be blind to status and favoritism.

## Emphasis on Evidence and Truthfulness

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH established a judicial system that relied on evidence, witnesses, and truthfulness. He taught that judgments should be based on clear facts and not on assumptions, rumors, or personal biases. He warned against false testimony, considering it one of the gravest sins. In one of his sayings, he

emphasized that providing false witness is among the major sins that lead to the destruction of individuals and societies. He also taught that judges should listen carefully to both parties before making a decision. He never rushed to judgment but gave each side a fair opportunity to present their case. This careful and deliberate approach ensured that justice was served and that no one was wronged.

## **Mercy and Forgiveness**

While Hazrat Muhammad PBUH upheld the law firmly, he also emphasized mercy, compassion, and forgiveness. Whenever possible, he encouraged reconciliation and settlement between disputing parties rather than imposing strict punishments. He taught that forgiveness is a noble quality and that those who forgive others will be rewarded by Allah. His own life is filled with examples of showing mercy even to those who had wronged him. For instance, when he conquered Makkah, a city where he and his followers had faced persecution for years, he did not seek revenge. Instead, he forgave the Makkans and declared a general amnesty, saying that they were free and no harm would come to them. This act of mercy and magnanimity demonstrated the true spirit of Islamic justice, which seeks to reform rather than merely punish.

### **Establishing a Comprehensive Judicial System**

After migrating to Madinah, Hazrat Muhammad PBUH established a comprehensive judicial and administrative system. He created the Constitution of Madinah, one of the earliest written social contracts in history. This constitution outlined the rights and responsibilities of all citizens, including Muslims, Jews, Christians, and pagans. It guaranteed religious freedom, security, and justice for everyone, regardless of their faith. The judicial system he established protected the rights of women, children, orphans, and the oppressed. He introduced reforms that improved the status of women, abolished practices like female infanticide, and ensured that inheritance and property rights were safeguarded. He taught that the strong must not exploit the weak and that leaders and judges are accountable to Allah for their actions.

## **Conclusion**

Hazrat Muhammad PBUH stands as an exemplary judge whose wisdom, fairness, and compassion continue to inspire millions around the world. His judicial conduct was rooted in the principles of equality, truth, mercy, and accountability. He treated everyone with dignity and fairness, regardless of their background or status. His emphasis on evidence, truthfulness, and impartiality set a standard for Islamic jurisprudence that remains relevant today. Moreover, his preference for mercy and reconciliation over harsh punishment reflects the true spirit of Islam, which seeks to guide, reform, and uplift humanity. The legacy of Hazrat Muhammad PBUH as a judge reminds us that justice is not just a legal obligation but a moral and spiritual duty that must be upheld with integrity, courage, and compassion.

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