

# Essay on Defence Day of Pakistan

10 Lines, 100, 200, 300 & 500 Words

For Class 1 to 12, Matric, FSc & Board Exams

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# 10 Lines on Defence Day of Pakistan

*For Class 1 to 3*

Defence Day is celebrated on 6th September every year in Pakistan.

It remembers the brave soldiers who defended Pakistan in 1965 war.

On this day, Pakistan's army fought against Indian forces.

Our soldiers showed great courage and protected our country.

Many soldiers sacrificed their lives for Pakistan's safety.

We honor our heroes and martyrs on this special day.

Special ceremonies are held at military monuments.

People visit Mazar e Quaid and other memorials to pay respect.

Schools organize programs to teach students about our heroes.

Defence Day reminds us to love and protect our homeland.

# Essay on Defence Day of Pakistan in 100 Words

*For Class 3 to 5*

Defence Day is observed on 6th September to commemorate Pakistan's successful defense against Indian aggression in the 1965 war. On this day in 1965, Indian forces crossed the international border near Lahore, and Pakistan's armed forces responded with remarkable courage and determination. Despite facing a larger enemy, Pakistani soldiers, airmen, and sailors fought bravely to protect every inch of our homeland. Heroes like Major Aziz Bhatti, Major Raja Aziz Bhatti, Pilot Officer Rashid Minhas, and many others laid down their lives for the nation. The day is marked by special ceremonies, change of guard at Mazar e Quaid, and programs in schools where students learn about sacrifices made by our defenders.

# Essay on Defence Day of Pakistan in 200 Words

*For Class 5 to 8*

Defence Day, celebrated on 6th September, is one of Pakistan's most important national days. It commemorates the heroic defense of our country during the 1965 war when Indian forces launched a surprise attack across the international border. Pakistani armed forces, along with the entire nation, rose to defend the motherland with extraordinary courage and determination. The war lasted 17 days and ended with Pakistan successfully defending its territory. The 1965 war produced many heroes whose sacrifices are remembered with pride and gratitude. Major Aziz Bhatti Shaheed defended the Burki area of Lahore for five days and nights before embracing martyrdom. Squadron Leader Muhammad Mahmood Alam shot down five Indian aircraft in less than a minute, earning the title of 'Little Dragon'. Major Raja Aziz Bhatti defended the BRB Canal area with his company. Pilot Officer Rashid Minhas, the youngest recipient of Nishan e Haider, sacrificed his life to prevent a hijacking attempt. Thousands of soldiers gave their lives to keep Pakistan safe. On Defence Day, special ceremonies are held at military installations and monuments across the country. The main ceremony takes place at the General Headquarters in Rawalpindi and at Mazar e Quaid in Karachi. Schools organize special assemblies where students present tableaux, speeches, and patriotic songs. The day reminds us to honor our defenders and stay prepared to protect Pakistan's sovereignty at all costs.

# Essay on Defence Day of Pakistan in 300 Words

*For Class 8 to 10*

Defence Day, observed annually on 6th September, holds immense significance in Pakistan's national calendar. This day commemorates the brave defense of our homeland during the 1965 war against India. It is a day to remember and honor the sacrifices of our armed forces and civilians who stood united to protect every inch of Pakistani territory. The spirit of 1965 continues to inspire generations of Pakistanis to love and defend their country. The events leading to Defence Day began when Indian forces launched a massive attack across the international border near Lahore in the early hours of 6th September 1965. The attack came as a surprise, but Pakistan's armed forces responded swiftly and effectively. Despite being outnumbered and facing a larger military, Pakistani soldiers displayed exceptional bravery, tactical brilliance, and unwavering determination. The Pakistan Air Force achieved air superiority, the Navy secured our waters, and the Army defended our borders valiantly. The war lasted 17 days, with both sides agreeing to a ceasefire on 23rd September 1965 following UN intervention. The 1965 war gave Pakistan numerous heroes who became legends. Major Aziz Bhatti Shaheed, awarded Nishan e Haider, defended the Burki area near Lahore for five consecutive days and nights, refusing to leave his position even when seriously wounded. He embraced martyrdom on 12th September while defending his post. Squadron Leader Muhammad Mahmood Alam became a national hero by shooting down five Indian aircraft in less than a minute, a world record. Major Raja Aziz Bhatti and his company held the BRB Canal area against repeated enemy attacks. Pilot Officer Rashid Minhas, the youngest Nishan e Haider recipient, crashed his training aircraft to prevent his instructor from hijacking it to India, choosing death over betrayal. The entire nation supported the armed forces during the war. Civilians donated blood, money, and supplies. Farmers provided food, and industrialists contributed resources. Women made bandages and collected donations. Radio Pakistan kept the nation informed and boosted morale with patriotic songs that are still popular today, like 'Ae Watan Ke Sajeelay Jawano' and 'Ae Rahbar e Azam Teri Amad Pe'. Today, Defence Day is marked with solemn ceremonies and celebrations across Pakistan. The main ceremony occurs at the General Headquarters in Rawalpindi where military officials and government leaders pay tribute to martyrs. A special change of guard ceremony takes place at Mazar e Quaid in Karachi. Military installations open for public visits, displaying equipment and honoring war heroes. Schools and colleges organize special assemblies with speeches, patriotic songs, and documentaries about the 1965 war. Students dress in green and white, and many institutions invite war veterans to share their experiences. Defence Day teaches important lessons to every Pakistani. It reminds us that unity, courage, and determination can overcome any challenge. It shows that loving one's country means being ready to make sacrifices for its protection. It honors not just military personnel but all citizens who contribute to national defense and development. Most importantly, it keeps alive the memory of heroes who gave everything for Pakistan, ensuring their sacrifices are never forgotten and continue inspiring future generations to serve the nation with dedication and patriotism.

# Essay on Defence Day of Pakistan in 500 Words

*For Class 9 to 12 & FSc*

## Introduction

Every year on 6th September, Pakistan observes Defence Day to commemorate one of the most significant events in our national history, the 1965 war with India. This day is not merely a celebration of military victory but a tribute to the indomitable spirit of our armed forces and the entire nation that stood united against aggression. Defence Day represents courage, sacrifice, and the unwavering commitment to protect our homeland at all costs. It reminds us that freedom and sovereignty come with responsibilities and sometimes require the ultimate sacrifice.

## Historical Background of the 1965 War

The roots of the 1965 war lie in the unresolved Kashmir dispute and tensions that had been building since partition. In early 1965, skirmishes occurred in the Rann of Kutch, which ended with a ceasefire in June. However, both countries remained on high alert. In August 1965, infiltrators crossed into Indian administered Kashmir, which India blamed on Pakistan. Tensions escalated rapidly through August. On 6th September 1965, in the early hours before dawn, Indian forces launched a massive, well planned attack across the international border near Lahore. The objective was to capture Lahore, Pakistan's second largest city, within hours. The attack surprised many, as it crossed an internationally recognized border rather than the disputed Kashmir region. Pakistan's military and the entire nation immediately mobilized for defense. What followed was 17 days of intense warfare involving land, air, and sea forces.

## Heroic Defense and Battles

Despite being outnumbered and facing a larger enemy, Pakistan's armed forces displayed extraordinary courage and tactical skill. The Battle of Chawinda became one of the largest tank battles since World War II, where Pakistani forces defeated Indian armored divisions. The defense of Lahore, particularly the Burki and BRB Canal areas, saw some of the fiercest fighting of the war. Pakistani troops held their ground against overwhelming odds. The Pakistan Air Force achieved remarkable success, gaining air superiority despite having fewer aircraft. Pakistani pilots displayed exceptional skill and bravery. Squadron Leader Muhammad Mahmood Alam became a legend by shooting down five Indian aircraft in less than a minute on 7th September, a feat that remains a world record. The PAF protected Pakistani skies and carried out successful strikes on Indian military installations. The Pakistan Navy, though smaller, successfully defended our coastal areas and kept sea routes secure. Naval operations, though less publicized than air and land battles, were crucial to the overall defense effort. The coordinated efforts of all three services demonstrated professional excellence and patriotic dedication.

## Heroes and Martyrs of 1965

The 1965 war produced heroes whose names are etched in golden letters in Pakistan's history. Major Aziz Bhatti Shaheed, awarded Nishan e Haider posthumously, defended the Burki sector near Lahore for five days

and nights. Despite being wounded and under constant bombardment, he refused to leave his post, continuing to lead his troops until he was martyred on 12th September. His last words were instructions to his men to keep fighting. Major Raja Aziz Bhatti defended the BRB Canal with his company, repelling numerous enemy attacks. His tactical brilliance and courage inspired his men to hold a critical position. Sowar Muhammad Hussain of the Guides Cavalry destroyed several enemy tanks single handedly before embracing martyrdom, earning Nishan e Haider. Pilot Officer Rashid Minhas, at just 20 years old, became the youngest recipient of Nishan e Haider. When his instructor, Flight Lieutenant Matiur Rahman, attempted to hijack the training aircraft to India on 20th August 1971, Rashid struggled to regain control. Realizing he couldn't, he chose to crash the aircraft rather than let it reach enemy territory, sacrificing his life to prevent betrayal of his country. Thousands of soldiers, airmen, and sailors whose names may not be widely known also sacrificed their lives. Each martyr left behind families, dreams, and futures to protect Pakistan. Their sacrifice embodies the highest form of patriotism.

## **National Unity and Civilian Support**

The 1965 war witnessed unprecedented national unity. Every segment of society contributed to the defense effort. Civilians donated blood at donation camps set up across cities. People contributed financially, buying defense bonds and making direct donations. Farmers provided food supplies for troops. Industrialists converted factories to produce military equipment and supplies. Students volunteered for civil defense duties. Women played crucial roles, making bandages, collecting donations, organizing support activities, and keeping morale high on the home front. Radio Pakistan broadcast patriotic songs that boosted national spirit. Songs like 'Ae Watan Ke Sajeelay Jawano', 'Ae Rahbar e Azam', and 'Sohni Dharti Allah Rakhe' became anthems of resistance and remain popular today. The entire nation transformed into a united force supporting the military.

## **Celebrations and Commemorations Today**

Modern Defence Day observances include various ceremonies and activities across Pakistan. The main ceremony takes place at General Headquarters in Rawalpindi, attended by military leadership and government officials. Wreaths are laid at martyrs' monuments, and tributes are paid to heroes. The change of guard ceremony at Mazar e Quaid in Karachi is a highlight, with Pakistan's armed forces presenting immaculate drill displays. Military installations organize open days where public can visit, see equipment displays, and meet personnel. War veterans share their experiences with younger generations. Schools and colleges hold special assemblies featuring speeches about 1965 heroes, patriotic songs, tableaux depicting war scenes, and documentaries. Students participate enthusiastically, dressing in national colors and expressing their love for Pakistan. Television channels broadcast special programs, documentaries about the 1965 war, interviews with veterans, and films depicting military heroism. Social media fills with tributes to martyrs, patriotic messages, and renewed pledges to defend Pakistan. The entire day serves as a reminder of our defenders' sacrifices and our duty toward the nation.

## **Lessons and Continuing Relevance**

Defence Day teaches timeless lessons relevant to every generation. It demonstrates that unity and determination can overcome superior numbers and resources. It shows that defending one's homeland requires readiness to make supreme sacrifices. It reminds us that freedom is precious and must be protected

vigilantly. The courage displayed in 1965 inspires Pakistanis to face contemporary challenges with similar determination. Defence Day also reminds us that national defense is not only the military's responsibility. Every citizen contributes through education, economic productivity, social cohesion, and moral support for defenders. Respecting martyrs means honoring their sacrifice by being responsible, productive citizens who contribute to Pakistan's strength and prosperity.

## **Conclusion**

Defence Day is more than a historical commemoration. It is a living reminder of the price of freedom and the spirit of sacrifice that defines Pakistan. The heroes of 1965 set standards of courage, dedication, and patriotism that continue inspiring new generations. As we remember their sacrifices on 6th September each year, we renew our commitment to protect and strengthen Pakistan. Their legacy challenges us to serve our nation with the same devotion they showed on the battlefield. Defence Day reminds every Pakistani that we are inheritors of a great legacy of sacrifice and must prove worthy of it through our actions, dedication, and love for our homeland.

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