

(i) Joint variation

A combination of direct and inverse variations of one or more than one variable forms joint variation.

If a variable y varies directly as x and varies inversely as z .

Then $y \propto x$ and $y \propto \frac{1}{z}$

In joint variation, we write it as

$$y \propto \frac{x}{z}$$

i.e., $y = k \frac{x}{z}$

Where $k \neq 0$ is the constant of variation.

Exercise 3.5

1. If s varies directly as u^2 and inversely as v and $s = 7$ when $u = 3$, $v = 2$. Find the value of s when $u = 6$ and $v = 10$.

Solution:

Given that s varies directly as u^2 , so

$$s \propto u^2$$

Also given that S varies inversely as v , so

$$s \propto \frac{1}{v}$$

In joint variation, we can write

$$u^2$$

$$\Rightarrow s = k \frac{u^2}{v} \quad \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

Put $s = 7, u = 3$ and $v = 2$ in eq.(i), we get

$$7 = k \frac{(3)^2}{2}$$

$$7 = \frac{9k}{2}$$

$$\text{or } \frac{9k}{2} = 7$$

Multiplying both sides by $\frac{2}{9}$, we get

$$k = 7 \times \frac{2}{9}$$

$$k = \frac{14}{9}$$

Put $k = \frac{14}{9}$ in eq.(i), we get

$$s = \frac{14u^2}{9v} \quad \dots\dots\dots(ii)$$

Put $u = 6$ and $v = 10$ in eq.(ii), we get

$$S = \frac{14 \times (6)^2}{9(10)}$$

$$= \frac{14 \times 36}{9 \times 10} = \frac{504}{90} = \frac{28}{5}$$

2. If w varies jointly as x, y^2 and z and $w = 5$ when $x = 2, y = 3, z = 10$. Find w When $x = 4, y = 7$ and $z = 3$.

Solution:

Given that s varies directly as x, y^2 and z .

Therefore $w \propto xy^2z$

$$\Rightarrow w = kxy^2z \quad \dots\dots(i)$$

Put $w = 5, x = 2$ and $y = 3$ and $z = 10$ in eq.(i), we get

$$5 = k(2)(3)^2(10)$$

$$5 = k(2)(9)(10)$$

$$5 = 180k$$

$$180k = 5$$

$$k = \frac{5}{180} = \frac{1}{36}$$

Put $k = \frac{1}{36}$ in eq.(i), we get

$$w = \frac{1}{36}xy^2z \quad \dots\dots(ii)$$

Put $x = 4$ and $y = 7$ and $z = 3$ in eq.(ii), we get

$$w = \frac{1}{36}(4)(7)^2(3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{36}(4)(49)(3)$$

$$= \frac{588}{36} = \frac{49}{3}$$

3. If y varies directly as x^3 and inversely as z^2 and t , and $y = 16$ when $x = 4, z = 2, t = 3$. Find the value of y when $x = 2, z = 3$ and $t = 4$.

Solution:

Given that s varies directly as x^3 .

$$\text{Therefore } y \propto x^3$$

Also given that y varies inversely as z^2 and t .

$$\text{Therefore } y \propto \frac{1}{z^2t}$$

$$y \propto \frac{x^3}{z^2 t}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = k \frac{x^3}{z^2 t} \quad \dots\dots(i)$$

Put $y = 16, x = 4$ and $z = 2$ and $t = 3$ in eq.(i), we get

$$16 = k \frac{(4)^3}{(2)^2 (3)}$$

$$16 = k \frac{64}{4 \times 3}$$

$$16 = k \frac{64}{12}$$

$$\text{or } \frac{64}{12} k = 16$$

$$k = 16 \times \frac{12}{64}$$

$$k = 3$$

Put $k = 3$ in eq.(i), we get

$$y = \frac{3x^3}{z^2 t} \quad \dots\dots(ii)$$

Put $x = 2$ and $z = 3$ and $t = 4$ in eq.(ii), we get

$$y = \frac{3(2)^3}{(3)^2 (4)}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 8}{9 \times 4} = \frac{2}{3}$$

4. If u varies directly as x^2 and inversely as the product yz^3 , and $u = 2$ when $x = 8, y = 7, z = 2$. Find the value of u when $x = 6, y = 3, z = 2$.

Solution:

Given that u varies directly as x^2 .

Therefore $u \propto x^2$

Therefore $u \propto \frac{1}{yz^3}$

In joint variation, we can write

$$u \propto \frac{x^2}{yz^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow u = k \frac{x^2}{yz^3} \quad \dots\dots(i)$$

Put $u = 2, x = 8$ and $y = 7$ and $z = 2$, we get

$$2 = k \frac{(8)^2}{(7)(2)^3}$$

$$2 = \frac{64}{56}k$$

$$\frac{64}{56}k = 2$$

$$k = 2 \times \frac{56}{64} = \frac{7}{4}$$

Put $k = \frac{7}{4}$ in eq.(i), we get

$$u = \frac{7x^2}{4yz^3} \quad \dots\dots(ii)$$

Put $x = 6$ and $y = 3$ and $z = 2$ in eq.(ii), we get

$$u = \frac{7(6)^2}{4(3)(2)^3}$$

$$= \frac{7 \times 36}{4 \times 3 \times 8} = \frac{252}{96} = \frac{21}{8}$$

5. If v varies directly as the product xy^3 and inversely as z^2 and $v = 27$ when $x = 7, y = 6, z = 7$. Find the value of v when $x = 6, y = 2, z = 3$.

Solution:

Given that v varies directly as xy^3 .

Therefore $v \propto \frac{xy^3}{z^2}$

Therefore $v \propto \frac{1}{z^2}$

In joint variation, we can write

$$v \propto \frac{xy^3}{z^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow v = k \frac{xy^3}{z^2} \quad \dots\dots(i)$$

Put $v = 27$, $x = 7$ and $y = 6$ and $z = 7$, we get

$$27 = \frac{k(7)(6)^3}{(7)^2}$$

$$27 = \frac{k(7)(216)}{49}$$

$$27 = \frac{1512k}{49}$$

$$\text{or } k = 27 \times \frac{49}{1512}$$

$$k = \frac{1323}{1512} = \frac{7}{8}$$

Put $k = \frac{7}{8}$ in eq.(i), we get

$$v = \frac{7xy^3}{8z^2} \quad \dots\dots(ii)$$

Put $x = 6$ and $y = 2$ and $z = 3$ in eq.(ii), we get

$$v = \frac{7(6)(2)^3}{8(3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{336}{72} = \frac{14}{3}$$

6. If w varies inversely as the cube of u , and $w = 5$ when $u = 3$. Find w , when $u = 6$.

Given that w varies inversely as u^3 .

Therefore $w \propto \frac{1}{u^3}$

$$\Rightarrow w = \frac{k}{u^3} \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

Put $w = 5, u = 3$ in eq.(i), we get

$$5 = \frac{k}{(3)^3}$$

$$k = 27 \times 5 = 135$$

Put $k = 135$ in eq.(i), we get

$$w = \frac{135}{u^3} \dots\dots\dots(ii)$$

Put $u = 6$ in eq.(ii), we get

$$\begin{aligned} w &= \frac{135}{(6)^3} \\ &= \frac{135}{216} = \frac{5}{8} \end{aligned}$$

